

# THE NEWS-HERALD.

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## PEACEABLY OR FORCIBLY

The United States Will Maintain Order in the Philippines and Cuba.

Senator Morrill Dead—Cuban Soldiers May be Paid—Two Republican Senators Will Vote Against the Peace Treaty.

President McKinley's instructions to Admiral Dewey and Gen. Otis says in substance: Hold Old Glory in every respect of the Philippines, peacefully, if you can, forcibly, if you must; and let it be distinctly understood by the insurgents that the authority of the United States will be maintained at all hazards. His instructions to all of our officers in Cuba were equally explicit, concerning the transfer of authority from the Spaniards to our troops—allow no unjust treatment of either Spaniards or Cubans by either side, and so far as may be possible to prevent either doing anything calculated to humiliate the other.

What to do with the Cuban soldiers is a problem that is receiving much attention from our officials. The men are entirely without clothing or money, and the so-called Cuban government has no money to pay them, although it gets enough from somewhere to maintain a number of ornamental, rather than useful, agents, in Washington, New York and elsewhere. Some of these soldiers have been in the field ever since the rebellion started and never received a cent. It would be unjust, as well as dangerous, to discharge them ragged and penniless. It has been suggested that this government advance a sufficient sum to pay them all something like \$100 each, and repay itself by the Cuban revenues that will be collected by us while the island remains under military control, and the suggestion has been favorably received and may be carried out. There is an item for \$3,000,000 for emergencies in the special deficiency appropriation made by Congress, that could be used for this purpose, if the President ordered it done, but this he has not yet decided to do.

Few public men have died in Washington whose loss was more sincerely regretted than Senator Morrill, of Vermont, who died this week of pneumonia, after an illness of less than one week. Senator Morrill had been in Congress for the last forty-four years, and has been identified with much useful legislation. He was instrumental in putting through the House, when he was a member of that body, the first bill against Mormon polygamy; he introduced and carried through both branches of Congress the first bill granting public lands for the support of agricultural, scientific and industrial colleges, under which there are now 47 colleges, with 500 professors and more than 5,000 students; the war tariff bill, known as the "Morrill tariff," was largely his personal work—in fact, there has been no tariff or financial bill put through Congress during the last forty years that he did not have a hand in shaping. The Congressional Library building, the finest of its kind in the world, is a monument to his tireless industry and perseverance, and almost his last work was to have the Senate pass, for the third time, his bill to purchase the square of ground opposite the Library building as a site for a Supreme Court building. Senator Frector, his colleague, told Senator Morrill's character in a sentence when he said of him: "All during his political life he has been outspoken in his expressions of opinion, and in the many years that I have known him I have never heard an unkind word said of him." Funeral services will be held in the Senate chamber.

Senator Allison, of Iowa, is the second Republican on the Finance Committee, of which the late Senator Morrill was chairman, but as he is chairman of the Appropriation Committee, a position he is not likely to give up for the vacant chairmanship, it is regarded as certain that Senator Aldrich, of Rhode Island, who, owing to Senator Morrill's feebleness, performed all the hard work of the chairman during the amending of the Dingley tariff bill and the debate on the bill in the Senate, will become chairman of the committee, if Senator Allison waives his right to it. No Senator is better fitted for the place than Mr. Aldrich. It was not surprising to those familiar with the attention when Gen. Otis called the War Department that Aguinaldo's so-called government, had fallen to pieces, by the resignation of his cabinet and his inability to form another, owing to the indisposition of the Philippines to follow him in his "republican" rule of the United States. They know that Aguinaldo sold them out to Spain,

and they believed, doubtless correctly, that he intended to try to do the same to the United States. They displayed more sense than Aguinaldo, as there is no probability of his receiving a cent from the United States under any circumstances, while there is a possibility that he may be called upon to account for the various sums he is known to have stolen from business establishments and church institutions which have been looted by the insurgents.

Only two Republican Senators have publicly spoken against ratification of the treaty of peace—Hoar, of Massachusetts, and Perkins, of California—and both of them have stated conditions under which they will vote for its ratification. Mr. Hoar says he will vote to ratify if the treaty is amended so as to prohibit statehood for the Philippines, or any portion of them, and Mr. Perkins that he will vote for ratification if instructed by the California legislature to do so.

## Enlarging the American Army.

One of the principal questions that has been pressed upon the attention of Congress by the President's message, the recommendations of the Secretary of War and the House Committee on Military Affairs, of which Mr. Hull, of Iowa, is the efficient chairman, is that of the provision for an enlarged army. It is, of course, a hardship to keep under arms for a single day longer than is necessary any of the men who enlisted at the outbreak of the war on patriotic grounds with the understanding that when the war was over they should receive honorable discharge. It is the opinion of the authorities that Congress should give the Government permission to recruit a regular army up to the limit of a hundred thousand men, about half of whom would be needed in Cuba, while the other half would be divided more or less evenly between the United States and the Philippines. But we certainly ought not to need an army in Cuba, except for a very short time. The maintenance of peace there should in the near future be entrusted to a well organized native constabulary, distributed and operated very much upon the plan of the Royal Irish Constabulary that keeps the peace of another great island. Nor will the American people believe it right or necessary that we should maintain an army of Americans in the Philippines, except for temporary purposes. The existing emergency in the West Indies and in the Philippines may be regarded, from the military point of view, as being long to the war period. As soon as that emergency is passed we ought to get along with a regular army of not to exceed fifty thousand men. We must provide, of course, for the education of a much larger number of officers than heretofore, and should greatly improve the militia system. The best way to promote the defense of this country lies in the maintenance of an efficient navy. Let the army expenditures be held down to the strictest point, and let the naval expenditures be generous.—From "The Progress of the World," in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for January.

## The Government of the Philippines.

It is not in the least true that "we" have "absorbed" ten or twelve million Malays by virtue of taking international control of the Philippine islands. The ocean is just as wide as it was last year. Those Malays will not attempt to decide disputed Presidential elections in this country, and there is probably no human being of any complexion who is proposing to bring about any such consummation. The people of the Philippines will not flock to the United States under the new era much if any more freely than they flocked to Spain under the old era. We shall not be precipitated into any very exhaustive wars for their subjugation because we have no desire to subjugate them. There is no intention in this country to exploit them, and no one wishes to make an empire out of them. There can be no harm in the attempts to forecast in advance all the successive stages of experience through which we shall pass in our endeavor to improve the general condition of things in those islands, and no great benefit. We shall simply have to keep in mind the lesson that the old man in the table taught his sons, and break our sticks one at a time.—From "The Progress of the World," in the American Monthly Review of Reviews for January.

## Wanted!

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## COUNCIL MEETING.

Granting of Franchise to Home Telephone Company Postponed to January 16.

The Usual Reports Received and Approved.—Regular Monthly Bills Allowed.—Counsel Employed to Represent the City in the Injunction Suit.

Monday night, January 2d, 1899, was the first regular meeting of Council for the new year. On roll call, Banks, Dawson, Durnell, Smith and Utman responded. Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved.

The question of accepting the plan of Michael Dugan's sub division to the village, which was referred to the Street Committee at the last meeting and it was instructed to examine and report, was by request of this committee referred to the City Solicitor for a legal opinion to be furnished at the next regular meeting.

Report of Superintendent of Public Works read and approved. Superintendent of Water Works reported the receipts and expenditures during the past month. There was no bill for extra labor performed by the Secretary. The report was approved.

Report of City Weighmaster read and approved.

The usual monthly bills were read and allowed, except one by Mrs. Wright for \$12 for two years rent of lot on which it was claimed the city had stored a quantity of tile. This was referred to Banks, Utman and Smith as a committee to report at next regular meeting.

The Fire Committee reported they had purchased a hose wagon of M. F. Carroll and that he would build it immediately. Poles for the fire alarm system could be purchased for \$2.65 f. o. b. Hillsboro, and committee instructed to act. New timbers for city scales had been purchased.

Solicitor Hire offered a resolution, which was passed, permitting M. F. Carroll to build a five foot bay window to his building on the corner of Main and Short streets.

In the case of John Duchemin vs. the Village of Hillsboro, which will be for hearing in the Common Pleas Court soon, a resolution was passed instructing the Mayor to appoint a committee of three to employ counsel to represent the village in this instance, and the committee to have power to fix compensation. Banks, Durnell and Smith were appointed.

Irvine McD. Smith was granted permission to address Council on behalf of the Home Telephone Company, which is being organized by Judge R. M. Ditty. He had prepared an ordinance granting the franchise which he desired that they take action on immediately, as the gentlemen who were organizing the company did not wish to go any farther unless the franchise would be granted. He took the ordinance up by sections and explained just what the Home Company would do and where the city and its citizens would derive much benefit by having a competitor to the Bell Company. Solicitor Hire asked that the matter be left over a week till he could have time to examine the ordinance, and also to see what other telephone franchises had been granted by previous Councils and whether this would interfere with their rights. D. Q. Morrow was also present and said that he was the representative of the Bell or Central Union Company, and that he was instructed to ask Council to defer action till some future date when that company could have some of its representatives who understands all about telephones present and give their views. Judge Ditty said he did not care to be put in a light of attempting to slip an ordinance through that would be to the disadvantage of any party or parties and was perfectly willing to have the matter go over for a short time.

By mutual agreement, Monday, January 16th was selected as the time for deciding regarding the franchise and an adjournment was taken to that date.

## G. A. R. Officers.

The following officers have been elected for the year 1899 in J. M. Barrere Post No. 205: Com., Wm. Hoyt; S. V. O., T. K. Church; J. V. O., I. Larkins; O. M., J. Winegardner; Chaplain, W. J. Morgan; Surgeon, N. B. Lafferty; O. D., J. Groves; O. G., H. E. Maddox; Delegate to State Encampment, G. Holmes; Trustees, Ayres, Gains and Pope; Executive Committee, Groves, Stevenson and Holmes.

Queen & Crescent Route and Southern Ry. 120 miles short-cut line to Florida and the West Indies.

## The Minstrels.

The New Mastodon Minstrels and Plantation Serenaders gave a performance at the Opera House last Thursday evening, playing to an audience that completely filled the place. The show was excellent throughout. Frank McMillen sang a new song by Will Schermer entitled "My Own, With You," which scored a hit. Geo. Ingebrand, Joe Carroll, Ed Swift and John Hastings were among the vocalists and comedians and acquitted themselves well. Arthur Buck's criticisms were very laughable and the dancing of John Mahanney and Ullrich was great. In the olio there were a number of clever specialties, including Miss Bessie Kepler in songs and dances, Miss Mora Harsha and George DeLaney in cornet solos, A. A. Bishir in crystalophone solos, Ed Swift in an Irish monologue, and Ogallala Fire in a very realistic Indian war dance. The entire program was highly creditable to the participants. The same program was repeated at Lynchburg the following night before another highly appreciative audience.

## Probate Court.

Wm L. Tully, exr of Jesse Robbins, granted order of private sale of personal property.

Isabel Keech, gdn of Lucretia Keech, filed inventory.

Isabel Keech, gdn of Walter D. Keech, filed inventory.

L. E. Roberts, gdn of Margaret J. Parrott, filed first account.

Martha B. Ludwick, gdn of Grace Ludwick et al., filed second account.

L. P. Ludwick, gdn of John Ludwick et al., filed second account.

Samuel Wilkin, gdn of Geo C. Webster, filed inventory.

Della Hiestand, widow of Jacob Hiestand, elected to take under will.

James L. Fullerton, exr of Mary E. H. Ravenscroft, filed first and final account.

J. C. Cumberland appointed admr of Thos Cumberland.

Austin Rockhold, gdn of Frederick Rockhold, filed second and final account.

James C. Berry appointed Trustee of James C. Berry.

## Good Appointments.

The Board of County Commissioners selected Dr. O. K. Hooper, of Sinking Spring, to fill the eight months vacancy in the Coroner's office. Mr. Hooper is a stalwart Republican and was a candidate for that office at the late election and received more votes than any other man on the county ticket. He is a young man, has been very successful in his profession and will doubtless give eminent satisfaction in the performance of his new duties.

There is also a vacancy in the office of Infirmary Director, as the newly elected member does not take his seat until September 1st, instead of January 1st as formerly. T. M. Elliott, one of Madison township's sterling Republicans, was appointed to fill the vacancy. He is a successful business man, proprietor of the Elliott House in Greenfield, and will give the office a business administration.

## Over in Highland.

Under the above head the Waverly News contained the following very complimentary notes of Highland county's infirmary and its capable and efficient superintendent:

"Supt. S. W. Wilson, of the county infirmary, was a business visitor in Highland county one day last week and while there he was the guest of Supt. McCoppin, of the Highland county infirmary. Supt. Wilson reports the Highland county infirmary to be an ideal one, being modern and convenient in every detail and the present management is the best that the county has had for years. Supt. Wilson was well pleased with Highland county's methods of caring for its poor and pronounced it to be the best he has found anywhere."

## Marriage Licenses.

Joseph P. Orebaugh and Delilah Helvey.

Charles P. Ornetet and Della Parrott. Robert R. Roush and Esta Wiggins. John O. Edgington and Cora Butler. Walter L. Snodgrass and Susie O. Ely. Peter Burnett and Jessie Walling. Charlie Hamilton and Lenna Storer. James Rolfe and Maggie McConh'ghey. Henry Barrett and Eliza Grim. Albert McDaniel and Jessie Minzier. A. J. Thornburg and Eva T. Simkins. Willie Hart and Cora Michaels.

"Where is the jocular vein located?" asked Cuscoe of a medical student. "On the humorous side," was the reply.

## Public Sale.

T. S. Beam will offer all his horses, stock and farming utensils for sale at public auction Tuesday, January 10th, 1899, on his farm one mile east of town on the Marshall pike. Sale to commence at 10 a. m.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
ABSOLUTELY PURE  
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome  
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

## DOESN'T LIKE SUFFRAGE.

A Woman Says It Reminds Her of Driving When She Was a Child.

Two women were discussing the question of women casting votes squally with men. One was rather young and pretty, with an air that spoke plainly of her always having her own way. The other was middle-aged, comely and genial. Said the young one: "There is no use talking, women will never have equal suffrage as long as they persist in staying at home as they do. Why don't they get out and register? The men have given them the chance of voting for school trustees and one thing leads to another. What they ought to do is to call a great rally and embrace the privileges they have offered them. It is a great thing to deal in the affairs of the state, even if they are merely educational. I voted."

"Men always put in good school trustees," said the elder woman.

"And I helped them do it."

"The 'privileges' allotted woman in the matter of voting in this state remind me of when I was a little girl and lived on the farm. My father used to take me with him to town whenever he went, because I was fond of the horses and cried if he left me at home. And I thought I ought to be allowed to drive, so he humored me by letting me take hold of the ends of the lines and cluck to the horses, deriving as much joy from it as if his strong hands were not guiding and directing the horses ahead of mine. But I thought I was driving and making things go my way. That is what women voting for school trustees reminds me of."

And the young woman did not say a word, for there was nothing to be said.

## SHE RAN OVER TAR PAPER.

And the Nocturnal Bicyclist Thought It Was a Hole in the Pavement.

The girls were talking about bicycle riding and telling of the accidents that had befallen them. When it came Miss Flit's turn, she painfully changed her position on the easy chair and said:

"In the five years I have been riding a wheel I never was seriously hurt until a week ago and I suppose you girls will say I wasn't hurt then. I was going home from a friend's house when my light went out. It was only three blocks to my home and as the road was good all the way and policemen are scarce in that neighborhood I thought the rest of the distance could be scooped in safety, and away I flew. It was on Washington avenue, where the shade trees are so thick that the portions of the road between the lamp posts are in deep shadow.

"Bending over the handle bars, I was making it hum when right under my front wheel I saw a horrible black hole. There was not time to turn out; I could only brace every muscle and take chances on landing all in a heap. Well, I was the worst demoralized heap you ever saw and I wobbled along nearly a block before my nerves would permit me to go back and examine that hole.

"When I did I found it was nothing but a ragged piece of black paper lying on the perfectly smooth roadway. But it gave me the worst jolt I ever received and it hurts me yet."

## GIRLS TAKE UP A COLLECTION.

Atlanta Pastor Hits Upon the Plan to Secure Larger Contributions.

An innovation at the Third Baptist church in Atlanta, Ga., was the use of six beautiful young ladies as collectors of the weekly offering, in place of the slow-going elders, whose services had been previously employed. Rev. Dr. Broughton, pastor of this church, is one of the most enterprising ministers in the city. He conceived the idea of ringing in a change on the old method, and did it by the means stated above. The effect was instantly perceptible. The young men of the congregation, as well as those of riper years, were more generous in their responses, giving larger coins than they have hitherto been in the habit of contributing. It is probable that other churches will follow the example of Dr. Broughton.

Army of Men with Wooden Legs. Wooden legs are used by over 1,000,000 English-speaking men.

## Just Received!

Another invoice of the celebrated W. L. Douglas shoes, winter weight, latest toes. Try a pair of them and get the best shoe that you ever bought for the price. Sold only at the Bee Hive.

CHAS. RICHARDS.

## WITH INTENT TO KILL.

Charles Pearce Bound Over to the Common Pleas Court for Cutting Otto Roads.

The Mayor's Court was crowded Tuesday, January 3d, to hear the case of the State of Ohio vs. Charles Pearce, who was charged with cutting Otto Roads with a knife with intent to kill on Thanksgiving night at New Petersburg, where they both live. Pearce was arrested November 27th and has been out on bond since. The case was set for trial on December 7th, 1898, but has been continued twice since on account of the prosecuting witness being unable to appear because of his wounds.

From the testimony introduced it seems that a pumpkin pie supper was held in Petersburg that evening, which was attended by many of the young people in that vicinity. Several pretty girls were in attendance and when the supper was over two young men, Ralph Spargur and Earnest Perry, wanted to escort the same young lady to her home. Perry was the successful one and after he had departed, Spargur boasted to the crowd of young men who were teasing him that he would whip Perry when he was returning.

The crowd, of course, went along to see the fun. Among them were Pearce, Roads and a brother of Spargur. They met Perry on his road home and a fuss was started in which Spargur's brother came to his assistance. This precipitated a free for all fight in which Pearce and Roads became opponents. Roads received a knife wound in his side two and a half inches long and a scalp wound. Several other members of the crowd were slightly bruised but he was the only one seriously hurt. He was taken to a doctor by his friends and his wounds dressed since which time he has been confined to the house the majority of the time.

Both sides subpoenaed ten witnesses each, but after the prosecution had presented its case the defense waived further hearing and Mayor Wilkin bound Pearce over to the Common Pleas Court in the sum of \$300, which was given. The case will come before the Grand Jury next week.

## BELL.

January 3d, 1899.

Rev. McCole commences a series of services at Flat Run tonight.

T. M. Cooper is still confined to his room and remains about the same.

May Roebuck has been confined to her room a few days with diphtheria.

Will Frump and lady spent the past ten days at Athens.

Bud Countryman and wife spent Saturday with James Carlisle.

Frank Storer and family have moved to their new home near Hillsboro.

Milt Easter will not move until next March.

Judge Sams and Harry Fitro, of Rainboro, were guests at the Belfast Hotel parlor Sunday night.

## Did You Make Your Grain-O This Way?

Here are the latest directions: Use one (tablespoonful of Grain-O to two cups of cold water. Mix the Grain-O with half an egg and add the water. (Be sure to measure.) After the water gets to the boiling point let boil for fifteen or twenty minutes. Use cream and sugar to suit the taste. If you have not cream use hot milk.

A lady said: "The first time I drank Grain-O I did not like it, but after using it for ten days and forming the habit, nothing would induce me to go back to coffee." This is the experience of all. If you will follow directions, measure it every time and make it the same, and try it for ten days, you will not go back to coffee.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

LOST—A bill book containing some applications for the Ohio Farmers Insurance Company. Also some notes. Finder please leave with Wood & Roads, insurance agents, Hillsboro.

"What do want to buy Johnnie a drum and a horn?" asked Mrs. Kringle. "Didn't you say his maternal grandmother would spend the day with us?" queried old Kringle, viciously.